1,1-Difluoroethane

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations
SDS ID: 1100305
Issue date: 12/3/2015 Revision date: 10/7/2024 Version: 1.1

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form	:	Substance
Substance name	:	1,1-Difluoroethane
CAS-No.	:	75-37-6
Product code	:	1100-3-05
Formula	:	C2H4F2
Other means of identification	:	MFCD00000449

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture	:	Laboratory chemicals Manufacture of substances Scientific research and development

1.3. Supplier

SynQuest Laboratories, Inc.
P.O. Box 309
Alachua, FL, Alachua, 32615
United States of America
T (386) 462-0788 - F (386) 462-7097
info@synquestlabs.com - www.synquestlabs.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number	:	(844) 523-4086 (3E Company - Account 10069)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Flammable gases Category 1	H220	Extremely flammable gas
Gases under pressure Liquefied gas	H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :

Signal word (GHS US)	:	Danger
Hazard statements (GHS US)	:	H220 - Extremely flammable gas H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
Precautionary statements (GHS US)	:	P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P377 - Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. P381 - Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place. P410+P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Other hazards which do not result in classification : May cause frostbite.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No additional information available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Substance type : Mono-constituent

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
1,1-Difluoroethane (Main constituent)	CAS-No.: 75-37-6	≤ 100	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (Liq.), H280

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Move the affected personnel away from the contaminated area.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Due to its physical form, exposure to this chemical is not likely. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth out with water. Get medical advice/attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects : The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Contact with the liquid the may cause cold burns/frostbite.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Direct contact with the liquefied gas may cause severe and possibly permanent eye injury due to frostbite from rapid liquid evaporation.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Water spray. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Thermal decomposition generates: Carbon oxides. Hydrogen fluoride.

Explosion hazard : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : In case of fire: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection during firefighting : Wear gas tight chemically protective clothing in combination with self contained breathing apparatus. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ensure adequate air ventilation. May cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing. Do not breathe gas, fumes, vapor or spray.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

Emergency procedures : Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level. Consider the risk of potentially explosive atmospheres. Eliminate every possible source of ignition.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Stop leak if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up : Ventilate area.

Other information : For disposal of solid materials or residues refer to section 13 : "Disposal considerations".

6.4. Reference to other sections

No additional information available

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed : Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. Close valve after each use and when empty.

Precautions for safe handling	:	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Do not breathe fumes, gas, mist, spray, vapors. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from ignition sources (including static discharges). Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use only non-sparking tools.
Hygiene measures	:	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures	:	Comply with applicable regulations.
Storage conditions	:	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from ignition sources.
Incompatible materials	:	Refer to Section 10 on Incompatible Materials.
Storage area	:	Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

1,1-Difluoroethane (75-37-6)	
USA - AIHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
WEEL TWA	1000 ppm

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakage. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

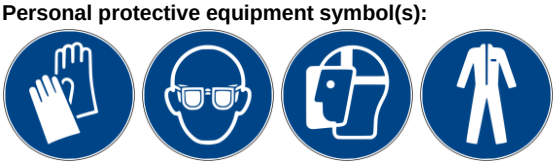
Hand protection:
protective gloves. 29 CFR 1910.138: Hand Protection

Eye protection:
Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Face shield. 29 CFR 1910.133: Eye and Face Protection

Skin and body protection:
Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:
In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. 29 CFR 1910.134: Respiratory Protection

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



Thermal hazard protection:

Cold insulating gloves.

Other information:

Safety shoes. 29 CFR 1910.136: Foot Protection.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Gas
Appearance	:	Colorless gas.
Color	:	Colorless
Odor	:	odorless
Odor threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Melting point	:	-117 °C
Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point	:	-24.7 °C
Flash point	:	< -50 °C (open cup)
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Vapor pressure	:	77.7 psia (@ 21 °C)
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	0.966 g/ml (@ 19 °C)
Molecular mass	:	66.05 g/mol
Solubility	:	No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Explosion limits	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidizing properties	:	No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable at normal handling and storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No additional information available

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 ℃. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Alkali metals. Finely divided metals (Al, Mg, Zn). Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire, see Section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified

Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified

Acute toxicity (inhalation) :

1,1-Difluoroethane (75-37-6)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	437500 ppm/4h
ATE US (gases)	437500 ppmV/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

STOT-single exposure : Not classified

STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not applicable

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Symptoms/effects : The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Contact with the liquid the may cause cold burns/frostbite.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Direct contact with the liquefied gas may cause severe and possibly permanent eye injury due to frostbite from rapid liquid evaporation.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

No additional information available

12.2. Persistence and degradability

1,1-Difluoroethane (75-37-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No additional information available

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods : Remove to an authorized incinerator equipped with an afterburner and a flue gas scrubber.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

Additional information : Recycle the material as far as possible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

DOT NA No : UN1030

UN-No. (TDG) : UN1030

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1030

UN-No. (IATA) : 1030

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : 1,1-Difluoroethane

Proper Shipping Name (TDG) : 1,1-DIFLUOROETHANE

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : 1,1-DIFLUOROETHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 152a)

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : 1,1-Difluoroethane

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 2.1

Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.1

TDG

Transport hazard class(es) (TDG) : 2.1

Hazard labels (TDG) : 2.1

IMDG

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : 2.1

Hazard labels (IMDG) : 2.1

IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : 2.1

Hazard labels (IATA) : 2.1

14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : Not applicable

Packing group (TDG) : Not applicable

Packing group (IMDG)	:	Not applicable
Packing group (IATA)	:	Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information	:	No supplementary information available.

14.6. Special precautions for user

DOT

UN-No.(DOT)	:	UN1030
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	:	T50 - When portable tank instruction T50 is referenced in Column (7) of the 172.101 Table, the applicable liquefied compressed gases are authorized to be transported in portable tanks in accordance with the requirements of 173.313 of this subchapter.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	306
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	304
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	314, 315
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	:	Forbidden
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	:	150 kg
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	:	B - (i) The material may be stowed ‘‘on deck’’ or ‘‘under deck’’ on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) ‘‘On deck only’’ on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.
DOT Vessel Stowage Other	:	40 - Stow ‘‘clear of living quarters’’

TDG

UN-No. (TDG)	:	UN1030
ERAP Index	:	3000
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index	:	0.125 L
Excepted quantities (TDG)	:	E0
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger Carrying Railway Vehicle Index	:	Forbidden
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	:	115

IMDG

Limited quantities (IMDG)	:	0
Excepted quantities (IMDG)	:	E0
Packing instructions (IMDG)	:	P200
Tank instructions (IMDG)	:	T50
EmS-No. (Fire)	:	F-D - FIRE SCHEDULE Delta - FLAMMABLE GASES
EmS-No. (Spillage)	:	S-U - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Uniform - GASES (FLAMMABLE, TOXIC OR CORROSIVE)
Stowage category (IMDG)	:	B
Stowage and handling (IMDG)	:	SW2
Properties and observations (IMDG)	:	Explosive limits: 5% to 17% Much heavier than air (2.3).

IATA

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA)	:	E0
PCA Limited quantities (IATA)	:	Forbidden
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA)	:	Forbidden
PCA packing instructions (IATA)	:	Forbidden
PCA max net quantity (IATA)	:	Forbidden
CAO packing instructions (IATA)	:	200
CAO max net quantity (IATA)	:	150kg
Special provision (IATA)	:	A1
ERG code (IATA)	:	10L

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Commercial status of components according to the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):

Name	CAS-No.	Listing	Commercial status	Flags
1,1-Difluoroethane	75-37-6	Present	Active	

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

1,1-Difluoroethane (75-37-6)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

1,1-Difluoroethane (75-37-6)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

National regulations

1,1-Difluoroethane (75-37-6)
Listed introduction on Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS Inventory) Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances) Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing New Chemical Substances) inventory Listed on KECL/KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory) Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals) Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law) Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances) Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory) Listed on the NCI (Vietnam - National Chemical Inventory) Listed on TECI (Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory)

15.3. US State regulations

1,1-Difluoroethane (75-37-6)	
State or local regulations	U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

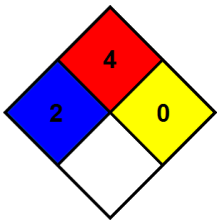
SECTION 16: Other information

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date : 10/7/2024

Full text of H-phrases	
H220	Extremely flammable gas
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

NFPA health hazard	:	2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.
NFPA fire hazard	:	4 - Materials that rapidly or completely vaporize at atmospheric pressure and normal ambient temperature or that are readily dispersed in air and burn readily.
NFPA reactivity	:	0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.



Hazard Rating

Health	:	0 Minimal Hazard - No significant risk to health
Flammability	:	4 Severe Hazard - Flammable gases, or very volatile flammable liquids with flash points below 73 F, and boiling points below 100 F. Materials may ignite spontaneously with air. (Class IA)
Physical	:	3 Serious Hazard - Materials that may form explosive mixtures with water and are capable of detonation or explosive reaction in the presence of a strong initiating source. Materials may polymerize, decompose, self-react, or undergo other chemical change at normal temperature and pressure with moderate risk of explosion

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA